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Presidential Primary FAQ

Q: Why does Washington have a Presidential Primary?

In 1988, over 200,000 Washington voters signed an Initiative to the Legislature proposing a Presidential Primary. The Legislature adopted the initiative in 1989. The first section of the law states as follows.

The...presidential nominating caucus system in Washington State is unnecessarily restrictive of voter participation in that it discriminates against the elderly, the infirm, women, the disabled, evening workers, and others who are unable to attend caucuses and therefore unable to fully participate in this most important quadrennial event that occurs in our democratic system of government.

The Legislature further emphasized that the presidential selection process must be more open and representative of the will of the people.

Q: Is there a significant difference in voter participation between caucuses and a primary?

Only 2%-4% of voters generally participate in political party caucuses. An estimated 60,000 people participated in the 2000 Democratic and Republican caucuses.

By contrast, with a 42% turnout, 1,309,367 voters participated in the 2000 Presidential Primary.

Q: What is the anticipated date for the 2008 Presidential Primary?

The statutory default date for Washington's 2008 Presidential Primary is May 27, 2008. According to state law, either the Secretary of State or any major political party planning to use the results for selecting its delegates may propose an alternative date. This authority has been exercised for the 1992, 1996, and 2000 Presidential Primaries. The three previous primaries have been held on May 19, 1992; March 26, 1996; and February 29, 2000.

Secretary of State Sam Reed convened the nine member committee on March 23, 2007 to select an alternative date for the 2008 Presidential Primary. Failing to reach the six votes required to select an alternative date, the meeting was adjourned to a later date to allow the political parties to make final decisions about delegate selection plans.

Secretary Reed announced his intention to reconvene the group in May 2007 to again consider changing the date. Most likely dates to consider include: February 5, February 12, or February 19. Almost half of the states are planning to hold Presidential Primaries on or before February 5, 2008.

The members of the 2008 Committee of Nine are:

Sam Reed
 Lisa Brown
 Mike Hewitt
 Secretary of State
 Senate Majority Leader
 Senate Minority Leader

Frank Chopp House of Representatives Speaker

Richard DeBolt
 Luke Esser
 Olga Miller
 House of Representatives Minority Leader
 Washington State Republican Party Chair
 Washington State Republican Party Vice-Chair

Dwight Pelz
 Eileen Macoll
 Washington State Democratic Central Committee Chair
 Washington State Democratic Central Committee Vice-Chair

Q: Are the political parties required to use the results of the Presidential Primary?

The state central committees for each major political party decide whether to use the results of the Presidential Primary to allocate any of Washington's delegates to the national nominating conventions.

If a political party does not use the primary to allocate its delegates, or uses the results to allocate only a portion of its delegates, it conducts a nominating process using caucuses and/or conventions. The specific details of the caucus and convention process are established in state party rules.

The Republican Party used the results of the primary to allocate all of the Washington delegates in 1992, half of the Washington delegates in 1996, and one third of the Washington delegates in 2000. The Democratic Party has never used the results of the primary to allocate delegates to the Democratic National Convention.

Strong advocates exist in both parties for a meaningful 2008 Presidential Primary. Final decisions have not been made in either party regarding delegate selection.

The State Democratic Central Committee plans to vote on its delegate selection plan at a public meeting on April 28, 2007. The meeting will take place at 1:30 p.m. at Western Washington University.

The State Republican Party will address this issue at its meeting in Yakima on June 2, 2007.

Q: Why was a Presidential Primary not conducted in Washington in 2004?

In 2004, it was clear that the Republican nominee was George W. Bush. The State Democratic Party refused to use the primary to allocate any delegates to the Democratic National Convention. Consequently, the State Legislature cancelled the 2004 Presidential Primary because the results would not be considered.

Unlike 2004, in 2008 both parties are offering a number of qualified candidates and no clear frontrunners dominate the race in either party. It will have been 56 years, since 1952, that a Presidential election did not include an incumbent President or Vice-President.

Q: Are delegates committed to vote for a certain candidate for multiple rounds of voting at the national party conventions?

Delegate commitments are defined by the parties, and the parties have not yet completed rules for the 2008 presidential cycle.

According to the national party rules, state Democrats must submit delegate rules to the Democratic National Committee by May 2007, and state Republicans must submit rules to the Republican National Committee by September 2007.

In terms of past commitments, research has produced conflicting information. Both major parties may have committed their delegates for two rounds of voting. Other information indicates delegates are not bound to any candidate. The two major parties in Washington State should be contacted for additional information.

The last time multiple ballots occurred at a convention was in 1952, when Adlai Stevenson was selected after three rounds of voting at the Democratic National Convention.

Q: What is the process for a presidential candidate to appear on the Presidential Primary ballot?

Only major political party candidates may appear on the Presidential Primary ballot. Candidates are placed on the ballot one of two ways.

- 1) By direction of the Secretary of State if the candidate is generally advocated or recognized in national news media.
- 2) By petition for nomination by political party members filed at least 60 days before the presidential primary.

Q: Where in state law is the Presidential Primary authorized?

The presidential primary is authorized in Chapter 29A.56 of the Revised Code of Washington, also known as RCW 29A.56. The Legislature provides a copy of these statutes on its website at: http://apps.leg.wa.gov/RCW/default.aspx?cite=29A.56.

Q: What is the contact information for the two major parties in Washington State?

The major political parties recognized in Washington State are the Democrats and the Republicans. The contact information for the two parties is:

Washington State Democratic Central Committee

P.O. Box 4027 Seattle, WA 98194 Phone: (206) 583-0664 Fax: (206) 583-0301

Internet: www.wa-democrats.org
E-mail: info@wa-democrats.org

Washington State Republican Party 16400 Southcenter Parkway, Suite 200

Seattle, WA 98188
Phone: (206) 575-2900
Fax: (206) 575-1730
Internet: www.wsrp.org
E-mail: comments@wsrp.org